

WELCOME

DOE Workshop on Possible
Designation of Fischer-Tropsch
Diesel Fuels as Alternative
Transportation Fuels under the
Energy Policy Act of 1992
October 16, 2002

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CIDI Program Technologies

Fuels

- Sulfur Effects on Emission Control Catalysts
- Oxygenate development
- Advanced Petroleum Based fuels and lube effects on emissions
- Fuel Sulfur Trap

Em

- Lean-burn catalysts
- $-NO_x$ Traps
- Non-thermal Plasma
- Selective Catalytic Reduction



Combustion

- Combustion
 improvements for
 reduced emissions &
 improved fuel economy
- EGR
- Modeling
- HCCI

Emission Control

Particulates

- Regenerative PM Traps
 - Catalytic
 - Microwave
- Non-Thermal Plasma

Enabling Technologies

- -Sensors
- -Sulfur Traps (gas)



Advanced Petroleum-Based Fuels Activity

- Advanced petroleum-based fuels are a critical enabler to allow the high fuel economy of diesel-powered vehicles to be maintained while meeting future emission standards
 - High fuel economy light trucks and SUVs
 - High fuel economy medium- and heavy-duty trucks that meet EPA emissions regulations
 - Enable CIDI engines to achieve even lower emissions beyond EPA Tier II
 - Incorporate domestic feedstocks as neat fuels and blending agents into petroleum-based diesel fuel



Energy Policy Act of 1992

• Alternative transportation fuels utilization addressed in EPACT Titles III, IV, V and VI. Titles III and V are most relevant.

• EPACT seeks to promote both alternative fuels (those used in high percentages) and other "replacement fuels" - non-petroleum fuels used in conventional vehicles including lower level blends.



EPAct (cont.)

- All of the alternative fuels listed in the statute require special vehicles; replacement fuels are used in conventional vehicles.
- Most of the statutory programs of Titles III and V relate to acquisition of AFVs for the alternative fuels.
- FTD, if designated, would be first alt. fuel for use in conventional vehicles. (Biodiesel has special provision, not an alt. fuel.)



Today's Workshop

• Part of first formal step in the rulemaking process (technical review and evaluation).

• Opportunity to get input from stakeholders and public on key technical areas before going forward with Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NoPR).



Following Workshop

- Comments received until Nov. 15
- DOE will review all comments including those from this workshop and those submitted in writing to the docket and decide whether to go forward with a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to designate FTD as an alternative fuel.



To Date

- DOE has identified a considerable body of data relating to FTD environmental and energy security impacts, which is generally promising.
- DOE analysis has also raised a number of questions. This workshop and comment period were designed to help DOE get public input and answers to these questions.